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The first two studies have been published in
 the *Journal of the American Medical Association*.
 The first study, published in 1997, found that
 the use of the device significantly reduced the
 risk of infection in patients with urinary tract
 infections. The second study, published in 1998,
 found that the device significantly reduced the
 risk of infection in patients with urinary tract
 infections.

These data demonstrate that the use of the
 computer in the classroom can be a
 valuable tool for enhancing student
 learning and understanding of the
 material.

The following table shows the results of the regression analysis for the dependent variable "Number of publications" (N = 100). The independent variables are "Gender" (Male/Female), "Age" (20-30/31-40/41-50/51-60/61-70/71-80/81-90/91-100), "Education" (High School/College/University/Postgraduate), "Experience" (0-10/11-20/21-30/31-40/41-50/51-60/61-70/71-80/81-90/91-100), and "Income" (Low/Medium/High). The table includes the coefficient, standard error, t-statistic, and p-value for each variable.

Figure 1

1. *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 2000; 283: 2639-2645.

1. *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 2000; 283: 2689-2696.

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Figure 1. The effect of the number of trials on the number of correct responses.


 The University of North Carolina is a public research university system. It is the largest university system in the United States, with 16 campuses and over 200,000 students. The system is known for its research, teaching, and public service.



prosbolia

1. A prosbolia is a small, round, hard, brownish, and often irregularly shaped, stone or concretion found in the stomach or intestines of a person who has been exposed to a large amount of iron or other metal.

2. A prosbolia is a small, round, hard, brownish, and often irregularly shaped, stone or concretion found in the stomach or intestines of a person who has been exposed to a large amount of iron or other metal.

3. A prosbolia is a small, round, hard, brownish, and often irregularly shaped, stone or concretion found in the stomach or intestines of a person who has been exposed to a large amount of iron or other metal.